# **JEE MAIN 2024** Paper with Solution

Chemistry | 29th January 2024 \_ Shift-1





FOUNDATION (Class 6th to 10th) Olympiads/Boards MOTION LEARNING APP



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### SECTION - A

 Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R : Assertion A : The first ionisation enthalpy decreases across a period. Reason R : The increasing nuclear charge outweighs the shielding across the period. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate from the options given below :

 (1) A is false but R is true
 (2) A is ture but R is false
 (3) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 (4) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A

#### Ans. (1)

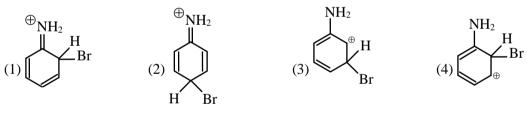
Along the period shielding increases in less amount than nuclear charge

- 2. The difference in energy between the actual structure and the lowest energy resonance structure for the given compound is :
  - (1) electromeric energy (2) ionization energy
  - (3) hyperconjugation energy (4) resonance energy

#### Ans. 4

The difference in energy between the actual structure and the lowest energy resonance structure for the given compound is called resonance energy.

**3.** The arenium ion which is not involved in the bromination of Aniline is \_\_\_\_\_\_.



Ans. 3

In  $H_2$ , positive charge is not stabilized by +M effect of  $-\mathbf{\mathring{N}}H_2$  so this arenium ion is not formed

during bromination of aniline.

4. In chromyl chloride test for confirmation of  $Cl^{-i}$ on, a yellow solution is obtained. Acidification of the solution and addition of amyl alcohol and 10%  $H_2O_2$  turns organic layer blue indicating formation of chromium pentoxide. The oxidation state of chromium in that is :

(1) + 5 (2) + 3 (3) + 10 (4) + 6

Ans. (4)

CrO5 has two peroxide linkage

$$0$$
  
 $1$   
 $0$   
 $+6$   
 $0$ 



### 5. Match List I with List II

List I		List II	
(Substances)		(Element Present)	
А.	Ziegler catalyst	I.	Rhodium
В.	Blood Pigment	II.	Cobalt
C.	Wilkinson catalyst	III.	Iron
D.	Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	IV.	Titanium

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(1) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III	(2) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
(3) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I	(4) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I

### Ans. (2)

Fact (1) Wilkinson catalyst = [Rh (PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Cl]

(2) Zigler catalyst =  $TiCl_4$ - $AlR_3$ 

6.	Type of amino acids obtained by hydrolysis of proteins :
••	

(1) γ	(2) δ	(3) β	(4) $\alpha$

### Ans. 4

 $\rightarrow$  Natural proteins are polymers of  $\alpha$ -amino acids.

7. The interaction between  $\pi$  bond and lone pair of electrons present on an adjacent atom is responsible for :

(1) Resonance effect (2) Electromeric effect (3) Inductive effect (4) Hyperconjugation

### Ans.

1

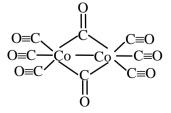
 $\rightarrow$  The interaction between  $\pi$  bond and lone pair of electron present on adjacent atom is responsible for resonance effect.

$$\overrightarrow{CH_2} = CH - \overrightarrow{O}H \iff \overrightarrow{CH_2} - CH = \overrightarrow{O}H$$

8. In which one of the following metal carbonyls, CO forms a bridge between metal atoms?

	(1) $[Os_3(CO)_{12}]$	(2) $[Ru_3(CO)_{12}]$	(3) $[Co_2(CO)_8]$	(4) $[Mn_2(CO)_{10}]$
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Ans. (3)



Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R :
 Assertion A : Aryl halides connot be prepared by replacement of hydroxyl group of phenol by halogen atom.
 Reason R : Phenols react with halogen acids violently.

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In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** from the options given below :

- (1) **A** is false but **R** is true
- (2) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (3) A is true but R is false
- (4) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A

### Ans.

3

 $\rightarrow$  (O

 $\sim$  OH does not give substitution rx<sup>n</sup> due to double bond character in C–O bond.

- $\rightarrow$  Phenol does not react with HX violently.
- 10. The correct set of four quantum numbers for the valence electron of rubidium atom (Z = 37) is :

(1) $5,1,0,+\frac{1}{2}$ (2) $5,1,1,+\frac{1}{2}$ (3)	3) 5,0,1, $+\frac{1}{2}$ (4) 5,0,0, $+\frac{1}{2}$
---	--

Ans. (4)

 $1^{st}$  group element. valence  $e^-$  configuration = 5 s<sup>1</sup> n=5,  $\ell$ =0, m=0, s=+1/2

**11.** Identify the incorrect pair from the following :

(1) Carnallite – KCl.MgCl <sub>2</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O	(2) Cryolite – $Na_3AlF_6$
(3) Fluroapatite $- 3 Ca_3(PO_4)_2.CaF_2$	(4) Fluorspar – BF <sub>3</sub>

Ans. (4)

Fact

12. Appearance of blood red colour, on treatment of the sodium fusion extract of an organic compound with  $FeSO_4$  in presence of concentrated  $H_2SO_4$  indicates the presence of element/s :

(1) N and S (2) N (3) S (4) Br

### Ans. 1

If organic compound contain N and S then sodium fusion extract has NaCNS which give blood red colour with  $Fe^{3+}$  ion

 $NaCNS+FeCl_3 \rightarrow Fe(SCN)_3$ 

blood Red

13. In alkaline medium,  $MnO_4^-$  oxidises I<sup>-</sup> to :

) 
$$IO^-$$
 (2)  $IO_4^-$ 

 $(3) I_2$ 

(4)  $IO_3^-$ 

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(4) Ans.

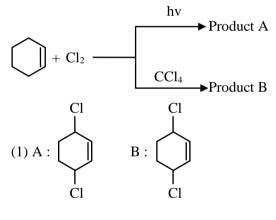
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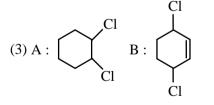
$$I^- + 2MnO_4^- + H_2O \rightarrow IO_3^- + 2MnO_2 + 2OH^-$$

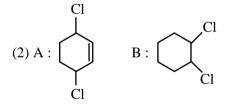
- 14. Which of the following is not correct?
  - (1)  $\Delta G$  is zero for a reversible reaction.
  - (2)  $\Delta G$  is negative for a spontaneous reaction
  - (3)  $\Delta G$  is positive for a spontaneous reaction
  - (4)  $\Delta G$  is positive for a non-spontaneous reaction
- Ans. (3)

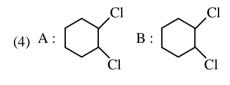
Fact based

15. Identify product A and product B :

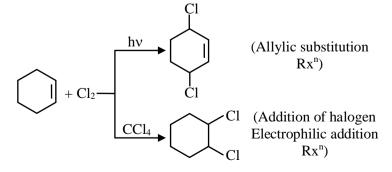


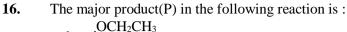


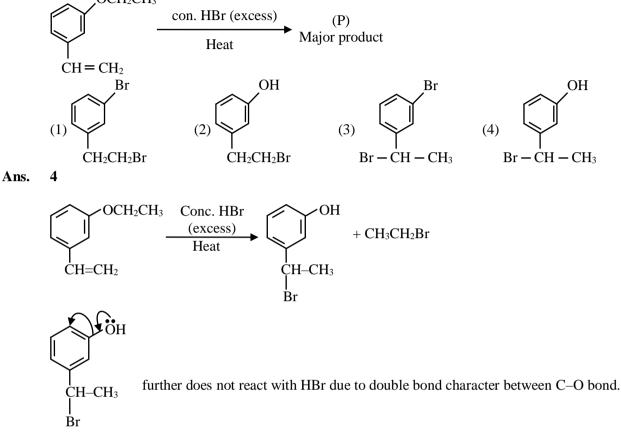




2 Ans.





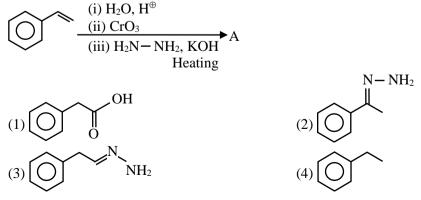


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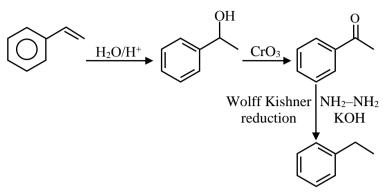
17. Chlorine undergoes disproportionation in alkaline medium as shown below : a  $Cl_{2(g)} + b OH^{-}_{(aq)} \rightarrow c ClO^{-}_{(aq)} + d Cl^{-}_{(aq)} + e H_2O_{(l)}$ The value of a, b, c and d in a balanced redox reaction are respectively : (1) 2, 2, 1 and 3 (2) 1, 2, 1 and 1 (3) 2, 4, 1 and 3 (4) 3, 4, 4 and 2 2 Ans.  $Cl_2 \rightarrow 2Cl^-+2e^-$  (Reduction half Reaction)  $2H_2O + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2 ClO^- + 4H^+ + 2e^-$  (oxidation half)

- $2 \operatorname{Cl}_2 + 2 \operatorname{H}_2 O \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{Cl}^- + 2 \operatorname{Cl}O^- + 4 \operatorname{H}^+$  $Cl_2+2OH^- \rightarrow Cl^-+ClO^-+H_2O$
- 18. The final product A formed in the following multistep reaction sequence is :





Ans. 4



**19.** Given below are two statements :

Statement I : The electronegativity of group 14 elements from Si to Pb, gradually decreases.

Statement II : Group 14 contains non-metallic, metallic, as well as metalloid elements.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate from the options given below :

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- (2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

### Ans. 2

EN of gp. 14  $\rightarrow$  C>Si=Ge=Sn<Pb

C .Si GeSn Pb

- **20.** KMnO<sub>4</sub> decomposes on heating at 513K to form  $O_2$  along with :
  - (1)  $Mn \& KO_2$  (2)  $K_2MnO_4 \& MnO_2$  (3)  $K_2MnO_4 \& Mn$  (4)  $MnO_2 \& K_2O_2$

### Ans. 2

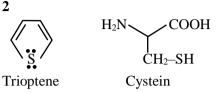
Fact

 $2KMnO_4 \xrightarrow{513K} K_2 MnO_4 + MnO_2 + O_2$ 



### SECTION - B

- **21.** Number of compounds among the following which contain sulphur as heteroatom is \_\_\_\_\_\_. Furan, Thiophene, Pyridine, Pyrrole, Cysteine, Tyrosine
- Ans.



22. The osmotic pressure of a dilute solution is  $7 \times 10^5$  Pa at 273K. Osmotic pressure of the same solution at 283K is \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^4$ Nm<sup>-2</sup>.

Ans. 73

 $\pi = CRT$ 

$$\frac{\pi_1}{\pi_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$
$$\Rightarrow \pi_2 = \frac{7 \times 10^5 \times 283}{273}$$
$$= 72.5 \times 10^4 \approx 73 \times 10^4$$

**23.** The number of species from the following which are paramagnetic and with bond order equal to one is \_\_\_\_\_. H<sub>2</sub>, He<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, N<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup>, O<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup>, F<sub>2</sub>, Ne<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, B<sub>2</sub>

### Ans. 1

 $B_2 = \sigma 1 s^2 \sigma^* 1 s^2 \sigma 2 s^2 \sigma^* 2 s^2 \pi 2 p^1 = \pi 2 p^1$  $BO = \frac{6-4}{2} = 1$ 

Paramagnetic due to presence of two unpaired electrons

- 24. From the compounds given below, number of compounds which give positive Fehling's test is \_\_\_\_\_. Benzaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, Acetone, Acetophenone, Methanal, 4-nitrobenzaldehyde, cyclohexane carbaldehyde.
- Ans. 3



CH<sub>3</sub>–C–CH<sub>3</sub>

Acetone

CHO

benzaldehyde

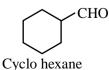
Acetaldehyde

CH<sub>3</sub>



Acetophenone

Methanal 4-nitro benzaldehyde



carbaldehyde

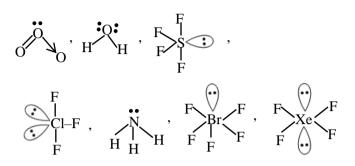
→ Aliphatic aldehydes give positive fehling test. So acetaldehyde, methanol & cyclohexane carbaldehyde give positive fehling test.

25. Number of compounds with one lone pair of electrons on central atom amongst following is \_\_\_\_\_.
 O<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>4</sub>, ClF<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, BrF<sub>5</sub>, XeF<sub>4</sub>

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Ans. 4



O<sub>3</sub>, SF<sub>4</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and BrF<sub>5</sub> contain 1 lp only at central atom.

(Given :  $R = 0.082 L \text{ atm mol}^{-1} K^{-1}$ )

Ans. 2

$$K_{P} = K_{C} (RT)^{\Delta n_{g}}$$
  
0.492= $K_{C} (0.082 \times 300)^{3}$   
 $K_{C} = 2 \times 10^{-2}$ 

27. 
$$CH_3$$
  $H$   $(i) O_3$   $(P)$   
H  $CH_3$   $(ii) Zn + H_2O$   $Product$ 

Consider the given reaction. The total number of oxygen atom/s present per molecule of the product (P) is

Ans. 1  $CH_3$  H  $(i) O_3$   $CH_3$  O + O = HH  $CH_3$   $(ii) Zn, H_2O$  H O + O = H

28. A solution of  $H_2SO_4$  is 31.4%  $H_2SO_4$  by mass and has a density of 1.25g/mL. The molarity of the  $H_2SO_4$  solution is \_\_\_\_\_\_ M (nearest integer). [Given molar mass of  $H_2SO_4 = 98g \text{ mol}^{-1}$ ]

Ans.

4

$$M = \% \frac{W}{W} \times d \times \frac{10}{M_{solute}}$$
$$= 31.4 \times 1.25 \times \frac{10}{98}$$
$$= 4 M$$

29. The mass of zinc produced by the electrolysis of zinc sulphate solution with a steady current of 0.015 A for 15 minutes is  $\_\_\_\_ \times 10^{-4}$ g. (Atomic mass of zinc = 65.4 amu)

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#### Ans. 46

Mass of Zinc deposited = ZIt  $= \frac{65.4/2}{96500} \times 0.015 \times 15 \times 60$  $= 4.57 \times 10^{-3}$  $= 45.7 \times 10^{-4}$ 

**30.** For a reaction taking place in three steps at same temperature, overall rate constant  $K = \frac{K_1 K_2}{K_3}$ . If Ea<sub>1</sub>, Ea<sub>2</sub> and Ea<sub>3</sub> are 40, 50 and 60 kJ/mol respectively, the overall Ea is \_\_\_\_\_ kJ/mol.

#### Ans. 30

$$K = \frac{K_1 K_2}{K_3}$$
  
=  $\frac{A_1 e^{-Ea_1/RT} A_2 e^{-Ea_2/RT}}{A_3 e^{-Ea_3/RT}}$   
=  $\frac{A_1 A_2}{A_3} \cdot e^{-1/RT(Ea_1 + Ea_2 - Ea_3)}$   
overall Ea = Ea\_1 + Ea\_2 - Ea\_3  
= 40 + 50 - 60

= 30 KJ/mol







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